THE RULES FOR BENTLEIGH FOOTBALL NETBALL CLUB INCORPORATED

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PART 1—PRELIMINARY

1} Name

The name of the incorporated association is BENTLEIGH FOOTBALL CLUB INCORPORATED, hereafter called “the Club”.

Note: Under section 23 of the Act, the name of the association and its registration number must appear on all its business documents.

2} Purposes

The purposes of the Club are to:

1. promote, encourage and foster the game of Australian Rules Football and any other sport in which the Club is involved.
2. provide an enjoyable, comfortable, safe and rewarding environment for all people associated with the Club.

3} Financial year

The financial year of the Club is each period of 12 months ending on 30 September.

4} Definitions

In these Rules

* Absolute majority, of the Committee,
  + A majority of the committee members currently holding office and entitled to vote at the time (as distinct from a majority of committee members present at a committee meeting);
* Associate member
  + A member referred to in rule 12(1);
* Chairperson, of a general meeting or committee meeting
  + The person chairing the meeting as required under rule 45;
* Committee
  + The Committee having management of the business of the Club;
* Committee meeting
  + A meeting of the Committee held in accordance with the Rules;
* Committee member
  + A member of the Committee elected or appointed under Division 3;
* Disciplinary appeal meeting
  + A meeting of the members of the Club under rule 21(3);
* Disciplinary meeting
  + A meeting of the Committee for the purposes of rule 20;
* Disciplinary subcommittee
  + the subcommittee appointed under rule 18;
* Financial year
  + The 12 month period specified in rule 3;
* General meeting
  + A general meeting of the members of the Club convened in accordance with Part 4 and includes an annual general meeting, special general meeting and a disciplinary appeal meeting;
* Member
  + A member of the Club;
* Member entitled to vote
  + A member who under rule 11(2) is entitled to vote at a general meeting;
* Special resolution
  + A resolution that requires not less than three-quarters of the members voting at a general meeting, whether in person or by proxy, to vote in favour of the resolution;
* The Act
  + The Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012 and includes any regulations made under that Act;
* The Registrar
  + The Registrar of Incorporated Associations.

PART 2—POWERS OF THE CLUB

Powers of the Club

1. Subject to the Act, the Club has power to do all things incidental or conducive to achieve its purposes.
2. Without limiting subrule, the Club may—
3. acquire, hold and dispose of real or personal property;
4. open and operate accounts with financial institutions;
5. invest its money in any security in which trust monies may lawfully be invested;
6. raise and borrow money on any terms and in any manner as it thinks fit;
7. secure the repayment of money raised or borrowed, or the payment of a debt or liability;
8. appoint agents to transact business on its behalf;
9. enter into any other contract it considers necessary or desirable.
10. The Club may only exercise its powers and use its income and assets (including any surplus) for its purposes.

Not for profit organisation

1. The Club must not distribute any surplus, income or assets directly or indirectly to its members.
2. Subrule (1) does not prevent the Club from paying a member—
3. reimbursement for expenses properly incurred by the member; or
4. for goods or services provided by the member—

if this is done in good faith on terms no more favourable than if the member was not a member.

Note: Section 33 of the Act provides that an incorporated association must not secure pecuniary profit for its members. Section 4 of the Act sets out in more detail the circumstances under which an incorporated association is not taken to secure pecuniary profit for its members.

PART 3—MEMBERS, DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURES AND GRIEVANCES

Division 1—Membership

Minimum number of members

The Club must have at least 25 members.

Who is eligible to be a member

Any person who supports the purposes of the Club is eligible for membership.

Membership qualification

Any person shall be regarded as a member of the Club if the person is

* + - Registered with the Club to play any sport.
    - A financially paid up member of the Club.
    - A Life Member of the Club.

Annual subscription

1. An annual subscription, the amount of which shall be determined at the Executive Committee meeting immediately after the Annual General Meeting with provision for the granting of a rebate for members who pay their subscriptions by a date fixed by the Executive Committee.
2. The Club may determine that a lower annual subscription is payable by Club members holding other forms of membership e.g. Social members.
3. Annual subscriptions shall be paid in full by a date determined by the Executive Committee.

General rights of members

The rights of a member (including the right to vote) who has not paid the annual subscription by the due date are suspended until the subscription is paid. A member of the Club who is entitled to vote has the right—

1. to receive notice of general meetings and of proposed special resolutions in the manner and time prescribed by these Rules; and
2. to submit items of business for consideration at a general meeting; and
3. to attend and be heard at general meetings; and
4. to vote at a general meeting; and
5. to have access to the minutes of general meetings and other documents of the Club as provided under rule 79; and
6. to inspect the register of members.

A member is entitled to vote if—

(a) the member is a member other than an associate member; and

1. more than 10 business days have passed since he or she became a member of the Club; and
2. the member's membership rights are not suspended for any reason.

Other forms of Membership

Social Membership

### Life Membership

The committee shall have the power, upon the recommendation from members, to elect Honorary Life Members at such times the committee deems appropriate. Such Life Membership shall be awarded to those who have given special service to the Club, and, consideration given to members who have played a minimum of 200 competition games with the Club and shall entitle the holders to attend all meetings of the Club and be permitted to vote on any matter. The voting for such Life Membership shall be taken by secret ballot.

At any committee meeting of the Association the Life Members, unless they are sitting members of the Committee, shall not have the power to out vote the Committee. However, if a number of life members, equal to half plus one of the Committee, could out vote the Committee, then the following action should be pursued.

(1) Not continue with the problem under discussion

(2) Amend the proposition to enable it to be passed without obj ection.

(3) Hold action on the proposition and call a general meeting in accordance with the conditions outlined in the Constitution.

Rights not transferable

The rights of a member are not transferable and end when membership ceases.

Ceasing membership

* + 1. The membership of a person ceases on resignation, expulsion or death.
    2. If a person ceases to be a member of the Club, the Secretary or General Manager must, as soon as practicable, enter the date the person ceased to be a member in the register of members.

Resigning as a member

1. A member may resign by notice in writing given to the Club.

Note: Rule 78(3) sets out how notice may be given to the Club. It includes by post or by handing the notice to a member of the committee.

1. A member is taken to have resigned if—
   * + - 1. the member's annual subscription is more than 12 months in arrears; or
         2. where no annual subscription is payable

the Secretary or General Manager has made a written request to the member to confirm that he or she wishes to remain a member; and

the member has not, within 3 months after receiving that request, confirmed in writing that he or she wishes to remain a member.

Register of members

1. The Secretary and General Manager must keep and maintain a register of members that includes—
2. for each current member—
3. the member's name;
4. the address for notice last given by the member;
5. the date of becoming a member;
6. if the member is an associate member, a note to that effect;
7. any other information determined by the Committee; and
8. for each former member, the date of ceasing to be a member.
9. Any member may, at a reasonable time and free of charge, inspect the register of members.

Note: Under section 59 of the Act, access to the personal information of a person recorded in the register of members may be restricted in certain circumstances. Section 58 of the Act provides that it is an offence to make improper use of information about a person obtained from the Register of Members.

Division 2—Disciplinary action

Grounds for taking disciplinary action

The Club may take disciplinary action against a member in accordance with this Division if it is determined that the member—

1. has failed to comply with these Rules; or
2. refuses to support the purposes of the Club; or
3. has engaged in conduct prejudicial to the Club.

Disciplinary subcommittee

1. If the Committee is satisfied that there are sufficient grounds for taking disciplinary action against a member, the Committee must appoint a disciplinary subcommittee to hear the matter and determine what action, if any, to take against the member.
2. The members of the disciplinary subcommittee
   1. may be Committee members, members of the Club or anyone else; but
   2. must not be biased against, or in favour of, the member concerned.

Notice to member

1. Before disciplinary action is taken against a member, the Secretary or General Manager must give written notice to the member—
2. stating that the Club proposes to take disciplinary action against the member; and
3. stating the grounds for the proposed disciplinary action; and
4. specifying the date, place and time of the meeting at which the disciplinary subcommittee intends to consider the disciplinary action (disciplinary meeting); and
5. advising the member that he or she may do one or both of the following—
6. attend the disciplinary meeting and address the disciplinary subcommittee at that meeting;
7. give a written statement to the disciplinary subcommittee at any time before the disciplinary meeting; and
8. setting out the member's appeal rights under rule 22.
9. The notice must be given no earlier than 28 days, and no later than 14 days, before the disciplinary meeting is held.

Decision of subcommittee

1. At the disciplinary meeting, the disciplinary subcommittee must
   1. give the member an opportunity to be heard; and
   2. consider any written statement submitted by the member.
2. After complying with subrule (1), the disciplinary subcommittee may
   1. take no further action against the member; or
   2. subject to subrule (3)
      1. reprimand the member; or
      2. suspend the membership rights of the member for a specified period; or
      3. expel the member from the Club.
3. The disciplinary subcommittee may not fine the member.
4. The suspension of membership rights or the expulsion of a member by the disciplinary subcommittee under this rule takes effect immediately after the vote is passed.

Appeal rights

1. A person whose membership rights have been suspended or who has been expelled from the Club under rule 21 may give notice to the effect that he or she wishes to appeal against the suspension or expulsion.
2. The notice must be in writing and given
   1. to the disciplinary subcommittee immediately after the vote to suspend or expel the person is taken; or
   2. to the Secretary or General Manager not later than 48 hours after the vote.
3. If a person has given notice under subrule (2), a disciplinary appeal meeting must be convened by the Committee as soon as practicable, but in any event not later than 21 days, after the notice is received.
4. Notice of the disciplinary appeal meeting must be given to each member of the Club who is entitled to vote as soon as practicable and must
   1. specify the date, time and place of the meeting; and
   2. state—
      1. the name of the person against whom the disciplinary action has been taken; and
      2. the grounds for taking that action; and
      3. that at the disciplinary appeal meeting the members present must vote on whether the decision to suspend or expel the person should be upheld or revoked.

Conduct of disciplinary appeal meeting

1. Ata disciplinary appeal meeting
   1. no business other than the question of the appeal may be conducted; and
   2. the Committee must state the grounds for suspending or expelling the member and the reasons for taking that action; and
   3. the person whose membership has been suspended or who has been expelled must be given an opportunity to be heard.
2. After complying with subrule (1), the members present and entitled to vote at the meeting must vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the decision to suspend or expel the person should be upheld or revoked.
3. A member may not vote by proxy at the meeting.
4. The decision is upheld if not less than three quarters of the members voting at the meeting vote in favour of the decision.

Division 3—Grievance procedure and Clearance of Players

Application

1. The grievance procedure set out in this Division applies to disputes under these Rules between
   1. a member and another member;
   2. a member and the Committee;
   3. a member and the Club.
2. A member must not initiate a grievance procedure in relation to a matter that is the subject of a disciplinary procedure until the disciplinary procedure has been completed.

Parties must attempt to resolve the dispute

The parties to a dispute must attempt to resolve the dispute between themselves within 14 days of the dispute coming to the attention of each party.

Appointment of mediator

1. If the parties to a dispute are unable to resolve the dispute between themselves within the time required by rule 25, the parties must within 10 days
   1. notify the Committee of the dispute; and
   2. agree to or request the appointment of a mediator; and
   3. attempt in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation.
2. The mediator must be
   1. a person chosen by agreement between the parties; or
   2. in the absence of agreement
      1. if the dispute is between a member and another member—a person appointed by the Committee; or
      2. if the dispute is between a member and the Committee or the Club—a person appointed or employed by the Dispute Settlement Centre of Victoria.
3. A mediator appointed by the Committee may be a member or former member of the Club but in any case, must not be a person who
   1. has a personal interest in the dispute; or
   2. is biased in favour of or against any party.

Mediation process

* 1. The mediator to the dispute, in conducting the mediation, must—
     1. give each party every opportunity to be heard; and
     2. allow due consideration by all parties of any written statement submitted by any party; and
     3. ensure that natural justice is accorded to the parties throughout the mediation process.
  2. The mediator must not determine the dispute.

Failure to resolve dispute by mediation

If the mediation process does not resolve the dispute, the parties may seek to resolve the dispute in accordance with the Act or otherwise at law.

Clearance of Players

Players seeking a clearance from the Club to another club must be a fully financial member of the Club, not hold any Club property and must not be under any suspension.

Providing the above criteria are fulfilled, a clearance will be granted.

PART 4—GENERAL MEETINGS OF THE CLUB

Annual general meetings

1. The Committee must convene an annual general meeting of the Club to be held within 5 months after the end of each financial year.
2. The Committee may determine the date, time and place of the annual general meeting.
3. The ordinary business of the annual general meeting is as follows
   1. to confirm the minutes of the previous annual general meeting and of any special general meeting held since then;
   2. to receive and consider
   3. the annual report of the Committee on the activities of the Club during the preceding financial year; and
      1. the financial statements of the Club for the preceding financial year submitted by the Committee in accordance with Part 7 of the Act;
      2. to elect the members of the Committee;
4. The annual general meeting may also conduct any other business of which notice has been g g given in accordance with these Rules.

Special general meetings

1. Any general meeting of the Club, other than an annual general meeting or a disciplinary appeal meeting, is a special general meeting.
2. The Committee may convene a special general meeting whenever it thinks fit.
3. No business other than that set out in the notice under rule 32 may be conducted at the meeting.

Note: General business may be considered at the meeting if it is included as an item for consideration in the notice under rule 33 and the majority of members at the meeting agree.

Special general meeting held at request of members

1. The Committee must convene a special general meeting if a request to do so is made in accordance with subrule (2) by at least 10% of the total number of members.
2. A request for a special general meeting must—
3. be in writing, state the business to be considered at the meeting and any resolutions to be proposed; and
4. include the names and signatures of the members requesting the meeting; and
5. be given to the General Manager.
6. If the Committee does not convene a special general meeting within one month after the date on which the request is made, the members making the request (or any of them) may convene the special general meeting.
7. A special general meeting convened by members under subrule (3)
8. must be held within 3 months after the date on which the request was made; and
9. may only consider the business stated in that request.
10. The Club must reimburse all reasonable expenses incurred by the members convening a special general meeting under subrule (3).

Notice of general meetings

1. The General Manager (or, in the case of a special general meeting convened under rule 32(3), the members convening the meeting) must give to each member of the Club at least 14 days' notice of a general meeting in any other case.
2. The notice must
3. specify the date, time and place of the meeting; and
4. indicate the general nature of each item of business to be considered at the meeting; and
5. if a special resolution is to be proposed
6. state in full the proposed resolution; and
   1. state the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution; and
   2. comply with rule 34(5).
7. This rule does not apply to a disciplinary appeal meeting.

Note: Rule 22(4) sets out the requirements for notice of a disciplinary appeal meeting.

Proxies

1. A member may appoint another member as his or her proxy to vote and speak on his or her behalf at a general meeting other than at a disciplinary appeal meeting.
2. The appointment of a proxy must be in writing and signed by the member making the appointment.
3. The member appointing the proxy may give specific directions as to how the proxy is to vote on his or her behalf, otherwise the proxy may vote on behalf of the member in any matter as he or she sees fit.
4. Ifthe Committee has approved a form for the appointment of a proxy, the member may use any other form that clearly identifies the person appointed as the member's proxy and that has been signed by the member.
5. Notice of a general meeting given to a member under rule 33 must—
6. state that the member may appoint another member as a proxy for the meeting; and
7. include a copy of any form that the Committee has approved for the appointment of a proxy.
8. A form appointing a proxy must be given to the Chairperson of the meeting before or at the commencement of the meeting.
9. A form appointing a proxy sent by post or electronically is of no effect unless it is received by the Club no later than 24 hours before the commencement of the meeting.

Use of technology

1. A member not physically present at a general meeting may be permitted to participate in the meeting by the use of technology that allows that member and the members present at the meeting to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other.
2. For the purposes of this Part, a member participating in a general meeting as permitted under subrule (1) is taken to be present at the meeting and, if the member votes at the meeting, is taken to have voted in person.

Quorum at general meetings

1. No business may be conducted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members is present.
2. The quorum for a general meeting is the presence (physically, by proxy or as allowed under rule 35) of 10% of the members entitled to vote.
3. Ifa quorum is not present within 30 minutes after the notified commencement time of a general meeting—
4. in the case of a meeting convened by, or at the request of, members under rule 32— the meeting must be dissolved;

Note: If a meeting convened by, or at the request of, members is dissolved under this subrule, the business that was to have been considered at the meeting is taken to have been dealt with. If members wish to have the business reconsidered at another special meeting, the members must make a new request under rule 32.

1. in any other case
   1. the meeting must be adjourned to a date not more than 21 days after the adjournment; and
   2. notice of the date, time and place to which the meeting is adjourned must be given at the meeting and confirmed by written notice given to all members as soon as practicable after the meeting.
2. Ifa quorum is not present within 30 minutes after the time to which a general meeting has been adjourned under subrule (3)(b), the members present at the meeting (if not fewer than 3) may proceed with the business of the meeting as if a quorum were present.

Adjournment of general meetings

1. The Chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of a majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting to another time at the same place or at another place.
2. Without limiting subrule (1), a meeting may be adjourned—
3. if there is insufficient time to deal with the business at hand; or
4. to give the members more time to consider an item of business.

Example: The members may wish to have more time to examine the financial statements submitted by the Committee at an annual general meeting.

1. No business may be conducted on the resumption of an adjourned meeting other than the business that remained unfinished when the meeting was adjourned.
2. Notice of the adjournment of a meeting under this rule is not required unless the meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, in which case notice of the meeting must be given in accordance with rule 33.

Voting at general meetings

1. On any question arising at a general meeting—
2. subject to subrule (3), each member who is entitled to vote has one vote; and
3. members may vote personally or by proxy; and.
4. except in the case of a special resolution, the question must be decided on a majority of votes.
5. If votes are divided equally on a question, the Chairperson of the meeting has a second or casting vote.
6. If the question is whether or not to confirm the minutes of a previous meeting, only members who were present at that meeting may vote.
7. This rule does not apply to a vote ata disciplinary appeal meeting conducted under rule 25.

Special resolutions

A special resolution is passed if not less than three quarters of the members voting at a general meeting (whether in person or by proxy) vote in favour of the resolution.

Note: In addition to certain matters specified in the Act, a special resolution is required—

1. to remove a committee member from office ;
2. to alter these Rules, including changing the name or any of the purposes of the Club.

Determining whether resolution carried

1. Subject to subsection (2), the Chairperson of a general meeting may, on the basis of a show of hands, declare that a resolution has been—
2. carried; or
3. carried unanimously; or
4. carried by a particular majority; or
5. lost— and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting is conclusive proof of that fact.
6. Ifa poll (where votes are cast in writing) is demanded by three or more members on any question
   1. the poll must be taken at the meeting in the manner determined by the Chairperson of the meeting; and
   2. the Chairperson must declare the result of the resolution on the basis of the poll.
7. A poll demanded on the election of the Chairperson or on a question of an adjournment must be taken immediately.
8. A poll demanded on any other question must be taken before the close of the meeting at a time determined by the Chairperson.

Minutes of general meetings

1. The Committee must ensure that minutes are taken and kept of each general meeting.
2. The minutes must record the business considered at the meeting, any resolution on which a vote is taken and the result of the vote.
3. In addition, the minutes of each annual general meeting must include—
4. the names of the members attending the meeting; and
5. proxy forms given to the Chairperson of the meeting under rule 34(6); and
6. the financial statements submitted to the members in accordance with rule 30(3)(b) (ii); and
7. the certificate signed by two committee members certifying that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Club; and
8. any audited accounts and auditor's report or report of areview accompanying the financial statements that are required under the Act.

PART 5—COMMITTEE

Division 1—Powers of Committee

Role and powers

1. The business of the Club must be managed by or under the direction of a Committee.
2. The Committee may exercise all the powers of the Club except those powers that these Rules or the Act require to be exercised by general meetings of the members of the Club.
3. The Committee may
   1. appoint and remove staff,
   2. establish subcommittees consisting of members with terms of reference it considers appropriate.

Delegation

1. The Committee may delegate to a member of the Committee, a subcommittee or staff, any of its powers and functions other than
   1. this power of delegation; or
   2. a duty imposed on the Committee by the Act or any other law.
2. The delegation must be in writing and may be subject to the conditions and limitations the Committee considers appropriate.
3. The Committee may, in writing, revoke a delegation wholly or in part.

Division 2—Composition of Committee and duties of members

Composition of Committee

The Committee consists of—

* 1. a President; and
  2. a Senior Vice-President; and
  3. a Junior Vice President, and
  4. a General Manager; and
  5. a Treasurer; and
  6. up to eight ordinary members, one of whom shall be designated as Secretary (formerly known as Public Officer).

General Duties

1. As soon as practicable after being elected or appointed to the Committee, each committee member must become familiar with these Rules and the Act.
2. The Committee is collectively responsible for ensuring that the Club complies with the Act and that individual members of the Committee comply with these Rules.
3. Committee members must exercise their powers and discharge their duties with reasonable care and diligence.
4. Committee members must exercise their powers and discharge their duties in good faith in the best interests of the Club, and for a proper purpose.
5. Committee members and former committee members must not make improper use of their position, or information acquired by virtue of holding their position so as to gain an advantage for themselves or any other person or to cause detriment to the Club.
6. In addition to any duties imposed by these Rules, a committee member must perform any other duties imposed from time to time by resolution at a general meeting.

President and Vice-Presidents

1. Subject to subrule (2), the President or, in the President's absence, one Vice-President is the Chairperson for any general meetings and for any committee meetings.
2. If the President and both Vice-Presidents are absent, or are unable to preside, the Chairperson of the meeting must be
3. in the case of a general meeting—a member elected by the other members present; or
4. in the case of a committee meeting—a committee member elected by the other committee members present.
5. The President shall
6. ensure that the aims and Rules of the Club are carried out and adhered to;
7. arrange the Agenda for meetings;
8. call meetings as required.

Secretary (formerly Public Officer)

1. The Secretary must perform any duty or function required under the Act to be performed by the secretary of an incorporated association.

Example: Under the Act, the secretary of an incorporated association is responsible for lodging documents of the association with the Registrar.

1. The Secretary must—
2. maintain the register of members in accordance with rule 17; and
3. keep custody of the common seal (if any) of the Club.
4. subject to the Act and these Rules, provide members with access to the register of members.
5. The Secretary must give to the Registrar notice of his or her appointment within 14 days after the appointment.

The General Manager (formerly Secretary)

1. keep a record of all members present at Annual, Special and General Committee Meetings; and
2. set an Agenda for each meeting held throughout the year; and
3. conduct and keep a record of the correspondence of general Club business; and
4. take minutes of all meetings held throughout the year and keep proper record of such meetings; and
5. ensure the registration of players to play Australian Rules Football; and
6. ensure all clearances of players are promptly handled; and
7. perform any other duty or function imposed on the General Manager by these Rules.

Treasurer

1. The Treasurer must
2. receive all moneys paid to or received by the Club and issue receipts for those moneys in the name of the Club; and
3. keep a list of all financial members; and
4. ensure that all moneys received are paid into the account of the Club within 5 working days after receipt; and
5. make any payments authorised by the Committee or by a general meeting of the Club from the Club's funds; and
6. ensure at least 2 committee members are registered to sign cheques or transact electronic payments.
7. The Treasurer must-—
8. ensure that the financial records of the Club are kept in accordance with the Act; and
9. coordinate the preparation of the financial statements of the Club and their certification by the Committee prior to their submission to the annual general meeting of the Club.
10. The Treasurer must ensure that at least one other committee member has access to the accounts and financial records of the Club.

Division 3—Election of Committee members and tenure of office

Who is eligible to be a Committee member

A member is eligible to be elected or appointed as a committee member if the member

* 1. is 18 years or over; and
  2. is entitled to vote at a general meeting.

Positions to be declared vacant

1. This rule applies to any annual general meeting of the Club, after the annual report and financial statements of the Club have been received.
2. The Chairperson of the meeting must declare all positions on the Committee vacant and hold elections for those positions in accordance with rules 51 to 54.

Nominations

1. Prior to the election of each position, the Chairperson of the meeting must call for nominations to fill that position.
2. An eligible member of the Club may
3. nominate himself or herself; or
4. with the member's consent, be nominated by another member.
5. A member who is nominated for a position and fails to be elected to that position may be nominated for any other position for which an election is yet to be held.

Election of President etc.

1. At the annual general meeting, separate elections must be held for each of the following positions
2. President;
3. Vice-Presidents;
4. General Manager;
5. Treasurer.
6. If only one member is nominated for the position, the Chairperson of the meeting must declare the member elected to the position.
7. If more than one member is nominated, a ballot must be held in accordance with rule 54.
8. On his or her election, the new President may take over as Chairperson of the meeting.

### Election of ordinary members

1. One of the ordinary member positions is that of Secretary, formerly known as the Public Officer. .
2. A single election may be held to fill all of those positions.
3. If the number of members nominated for the position of ordinary committee member is less than or equal to the number to be elected, the Chairperson of the meeting must declare each of those members to be elected to the position.
4. If the number of members nominated exceeds the number to be elected, a ballot must be held in accordance with rule 54.

Ballot

1. Ifa ballot is required for the election for a position, the Chairperson of the meeting must appoint a member to act as returning officer to conduct the ballot.
2. The returning officer must not be a member nominated for the position.
3. Before the ballot is taken, each candidate may make a short speech in support of his or her election.
4. The election must be by secret ballot.
5. The returning officer must give a blank piece of paper to—
6. each member present in person; and
7. each proxy appointed by a member.

Example: If a member has been appointed the proxy of 5 other members, the member must be given 6 ballot papers—one for the member and one each for the other members.

1. If the ballot is for a single position, the voter must write on the ballot paper the name of the candidate for whom they wish to vote.
2. If the ballot is for more than one position—
3. the voter must write on the ballot paper the name of each candidate for whom they wish to vote;
4. the voter must not write the names of more candidates than the number to be elected.
5. Ballot papers that do not comply with subrule (7)(b) are not to be counted.
6. Each ballot paper on which the name of a candidate has been written counts as one vote for that candidate.
7. The returning officer must declare elected the candidate or, in the case of an election for more than one position, the candidates who received the most votes.
8. Ifthe returning officer is unable to declare the result of an election under subrule (10) because 2 or more candidates received the same number of votes, the returning officer must
   1. conduct a further election for the position in accordance with subrules (4) to (10) to decide which of those candidates is to be elected; or
   2. with the agreement of those candidates, decide by lot which of them is to be elected.

Examples: The choice of candidate may be decided by the toss of a coin, drawing straws or drawing a name out of a hat.

### Term of office

1. Subject to subrule (3) and rule 56, a committee member holds office until the positions of the Committee are declared vacant at the next annual general meeting.
2. A committee member may be re-elected.
3. A general meeting of the Club may—
4. by special resolution remove a committee member from office; and
5. elect an eligible member of the Club to fill the vacant position in accordance with this Division.
6. A member who is the subject of a proposed special resolution under subrule (3)(a) may make representations in writing to the General Manager or President of the Club (not exceeding a reasonable length) and may request that the representations be provided to the members of the Club.
7. The General Manager or the President may give a copy of the representations to each member of the Club or, if they are not so given, the member may require that they be read out at the meeting at which the special resolution is to be proposed.

Vacation of office

1. A committee member may resign from the Committee by written notice addressed to the Committee.
2. A person ceases to be a committee member if he or she
   1. ceases to be a member of the Club; or
   2. fails to attend 3 consecutive committee meetings (other than special or urgent committee meetings) without leave of absence under rule 67; or
   3. otherwise ceases to be a committee member by operation of section 78 of the Act.

Filling casual vacancies

1. The Committee may appoint an eligible member of the Club to fill a position on the Committee that
   1. has become vacant under rule 56; or
   2. was not filled by election at the last annual general meeting.
2. If the position of Secretary (formerly Public Officer) becomes vacant, the Committee must appoint a member to the position within 14 days after the vacancy arises.
3. The Committee may continue to act despite any vacancy in its membership.
4. Rule 55 applies to any committee member appointed under subrule (1) or (2).

Division 4—Meetings of Committee

Meetings of Committee

1. The Committee must meet at least 4 times in each year at the dates, times and places determined by the Committee.
2. Special committee meetings may be convened by the President or by any 4 members of the Committee.

Notice of meetings

1. Notice of each committee meeting must be given to each committee member no later than 7 days before the date of the meeting.
2. Notice may be given of more than one committee meeting at the same time.
3. The notice must state the date, time and place of the meeting.
4. Ifa special committee meeting is convened, the notice must include the general nature of the business to be conducted.
5. The only business that may be conducted at the meeting is the business for which the meeting is convened.

Urgent meetings

1. In cases of urgency, a meeting can be held without notice being given in accordance with rule 59 provided that as much notice as practicable is given to each committee member by the quickest means practicable.
2. Any resolution made at the meeting must be passed by an absolute majority of the Committee.
3. The only business that may be conducted at an urgent meeting is the business for which the meeting is convened.
4. Urgent matters may be considered and confirmed by circular resolution completed via electronic medium if there is considered insufficient time to convene a formal meeting or the matter is not considered material. Any matter decided by circular resolution is to be included in the minutes of the next meeting.

Procedure and order of business

1. The procedure to be followed at a meeting of a Committee must be determined from time to time by the Committee
2. The order of business may be determined by the members present at the meeting.

Use of technology

1. A committee member who is not physically present at a committee meeting may participate in the meeting by the use of technology that allows that committee member and the committee members present at the meeting to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each other.
2. For the purposes of this Part, a committee member participating in a committee meeting as permitted under subrule (1) is taken to be present at the meeting and, if the member votes at the meeting, is taken to have voted in person.

Quorum

1. No business may be conducted at a Committee meeting unless a quorum is present.
2. The quorum for a committee meeting is the presence (in person or as allowed under rule 62) of a majority of the committee members holding office.
3. Ifa quorum is not present within 30 minutes after the notified commencement time of a committee meeting
4. in the case of a special meeting—the meeting lapses;
5. in any other case—the meeting must be adjourned to a date no Jater than 14 days after the adjournment and notice of the time, date and place to which the meeting is adjourned must be given in accordance with rule 59.

Voting

1. On any question arising at a committee meeting, each committee member present at the meeting has one vote.
2. A motion is carried if a majority of committee members present at the meeting vote in favour of the motion.
3. Subrule (2) does not apply to any motion or question which is required by these Rules to be passed by an absolute majority of the Committee.
4. If votes are divided equally on a question, the Chairperson of the meeting has a second or casting vote.
5. Voting by proxy is not permitted.

Conflict of interest

1. A committee member who has a material personal interest in a matter being considered at a committee meeting must disclose the nature and extent of that interest to the Committee
2. The member
3. must not be present while the matter is being considered at the meeting; and
4. must not vote on the matter.
5. This rule does not apply to a material personal interest—
6. that exists only because the member belongs to a class of persons for whose benefit the Club is established; or
7. that the member has in common with all, or a substantial proportion of, the members of the Club.

### Minutes of meeting

1. The Committee must ensure that minutes are taken and kept of each committee meeting.
2. The minutes must record the following—
3. the names of the members in attendance at the meeting;
4. the business considered at the meeting;
5. any resolution on which a vote is taken and the result of the vote;
6. any material personal interest disclosed under rule 64.

### Leave of absence

1. The Committee may grant a committee member leave of absence from committee meetings for a period not exceeding 3 months.
2. The Committee must not grant leave of absence retrospectively unless it is satisfied that it was not feasible for the committee member to seek the leave in advance.

PART 6—FINANCIAL MATTERS

Source of funds

The funds of the Club may be derived from joining fees, annual subscriptions, donations, fund-raising activities, grants, interest and any other sources approved by the Committee.

Management of funds

1. The Club must open an account with a financial institution from which all expenditure of the Club is made and into which all of the Club's revenue is deposited.
2. Subject to any restrictions imposed by a general meeting of the Club, the Committee may approve expenditure on behalf of the Club.
3. The Committee may authorise the Treasurer to expend funds on behalf of the Club (including by electronic funds transfer) up to a specified limit without requiring approval from the Committee for each item on which the funds are expended.
4. All cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments must be signed by at least 2 committee members.
5. All funds of the Club must be deposited into the financial account of the Club no later than 5 working days after receipt.
6. With the approval of the Committee, the Treasurer may maintain a cash float provided that all money paid from or paid into the float is accurately recorded at the time of the transaction.

Financial records

1. The Club must keep financial records that
   1. correctly record and explain its transactions, financial position and performance; and
   2. enable financial statements to be prepared as required by the Act.
2. The Club must retain the financial records for 7 years after the transactions covered by the records are completed.
3. The Treasurer must keep in his or her custody, or under his or her control—
4. the financial records for the current financial year; and
5. any other financial records as authorised by the Committee.

Financial statements

1. For each financial year, the Committee must ensure that the requirements under the Act relating to the financial statements of the Club are met.
2. Without limiting subrule (1), those requirements include—
3. the preparation of the financial statements;
4. if required, the review or auditing of the financial statements;
5. the certification of the financial statements by the Committee;
6. the submission of the financial statements to the annual general meeting of the Club;
7. the lodgement with the Registrar of the financial statements and accompanying reports, certificates, statements and fee.

PART 7 — GENERAL MATTERS

Coaches, Captains and Vice Captains

1. Coaches,

Selection of all the Coaches shall be by the Executive Committee. Coaching appointments shall be for a period of 12 months unless the Executive Committee deems there are exceptional circumstances where a longer tenure is considered appropriate.

1. Senior Team Captains,

Nominations for Captains and Vice Captains shall be in the hands of the Executive Committee by the Wednesday prior to the last practice Saturday before the season. The Captains and Vice captains shall then be selected by the Executive Committee, from the nominations received.

1. Under Age Team Captains,

Selection of Captains and Vice Captains shall follow the same requirements as Senior Team Captains as perrule 73

1. Complaints Procedure.

Should a written complaint, against the Coach, Captain or Vice Captains be submitted to the Executive Committee by ten (10) or more members of that team, then the Executive Committee shall investigate the complaint in any such manner as it thinks appropriate and may discharge the offending Coach, Captain or Vice Captain. The

Executive Committee shall then select a replacement.

Should an appointed Coach, Captain and/or Vice Captain indicate verbally, or in writing that he does not wish to continue in his respective position, then the Executive Committee shall select a suitable replacement to fill the position vacated.

Selection Committees

1. Senior Teams

There shall be one selection committee for all senior teams. The selection committee shall consist of members selected by the Executive Committee and will include the Coaches of cach team. The Chairperson of Selectors will be nominated by the

Executive Committee and shall have the casting vote when the voting is equal on any selection matter.

1. Under Age Teams

There shall be a separate selection committee for under age teams. The selection committee shall consist of the members selected by the Executive Committee and will include the Coaches of each team. The Chairperson of Selectors will be nominated by the Executive Committee and'shall have the casting vote when the voting is equal on any selection matter.

1. Elegibility

All registered, financial members of the Club shall be considered as being available for

selection, unless they have indicated otherwise, to a member of the selection committees.

Trophies

The Club shall present trophies, annually, to the Best and Fairest, Runner Up Best and Fairest, Most Consistent, Most Improved, and Coaches Trophies in Senior and Under Age teams. The Club shall also present, annually, the Best Club Person, Most Determined Club Player, Best First Year Player and eading Goal scorer in each grade (subject to a minimum of 30 goals or at the discretion of the

Executive Committee. Other trophies may be presented as agreed between the coaching staff and the

Executive Committee.

Method of Voting

1. Best and Fairest and Runner Up Best and Fairest. At Senior matches and Under Age atches three voting cards shall be distributed to 3 Club officials. The officials shall ieependentiy and privately mark the cards indicating their preference for the six Best and Fairest Bentleigh players.
2. Most Consistent. The six players that appear on voting cards will all be awarded one vote. The person polling the most votes, once the Best and Fairest and Runner Up have been excluded, will be awarded the Most Consistent award.
3. The votes shall be counted at the completion of the home and away games.
4. The Best Club Person and Most Determined Club Player shall be selected by the Executive. Committee and the Most Improved Players and Best First Year Player shall be selected by the respective selection committees. The Coaches’ trophies are to be selected by the respective coaches.

With the exception of the Best Club Person, Best First Year Player, Most Determined Club Player and Club Leading Goal scorer, no player may receive more than one of the above mentioned trophies in any one season.

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Practice

The commencement dates of practice shall be decided by the Coaches as soon as possible after the selection|of coaches. The coaches shall take charge of training whenever they are present. All players are expected to make every effort to attend practice and prepare themselves, physically for the natches.

Equipment

Each player shall equip himself with at least one pair of white and one pair of coloured shorts ind a pair of Club socks. Guernseys shall be provided by the Club and remain the property of the Club, though if such Guernsey is lost, it shall be the a eniae of the player to whom it was issued, to eplace the Guernsey at his own expense.

Injury Expense

The Club shall not be responsible for any expenses incurred to any player due to injuries received on the field or to any other cause. Playing members are advised to belong to a recognised hospital benefits scheme.

General

1. All members are expected to share in the preparation of the ground for play or practice and in keeping material together and well cared for.
2. Members should note that the selection committees shall take into account general football ability and regularity at practice when selecting teams.
3. Since the Club is self supporting, all members shall be responsible for its financial state and will be given adequate time to return outstanding monies to the Treasurer from the sale of tickets etc. the Treasurer shall notify the committee who shall take such action as deemed necessary.
4. Should any member fail to return such monies, after a reasonable request from the Treasurer, Officials
5. Any player not adhering to a coach’s request shall be brought before the full committee and dealt with as the committee deems necessary.

Officials

Where necessary, the Committee shall appoint the necessary officials for each team, that is, team managers, and any other officials deemed necessary.

Delegates

The Committee shall where necessary appoint a delegate or delegates to represent the Club at meetings of the relevant associations, or bodies. The delegate or delegates shall report back to the next Committee meeting all business discussed at the appropriate meetings.

Common seal

1. The Club may have a common seal.
2. If the Club has a common seal
   1. the name of the Club must appear in legible characters on the common seal;
   2. a document may only be sealed with the common seal by the authority of the Committee and the sealing must be witnessed by the signatures of two committee members;
   3. the common seal must be kept in the custody of the Secretary (formerly Public Officer).

Registered address

The registered address of the Club is

* 1. the address determined from time to time by resolution of the Committee; or
  2. if the Committee has not determined an address to be the registered address— the postal address of the General Manager.

Notice requirements

1. Any notice required to be given to a member or a committee member under these Rules may be given
   1. by handing the notice to the member personally; or
   2. by sending it by post to the member at the address recorded for the member on the register of members; or
   3. by email or facsimile transmission.
2. Subrule (1) does not apply to notice given under rule 60.
3. Any notice required to be given to the Club or the Committee may be given—
4. by handing the notice to a member of the Committee; or
5. by sending the notice by post to the registered address; or
6. by leaving the notice at the registered address; or
7. if the Committee determines that it is appropriate in the circumstances, by email to the email address of the Club or the Secretary.

### Custody and inspection of books and records

1. Members may on request inspect free of charge—
2. the register of members;
3. the minutes of general meetings;
4. subject to subrule (2), the financial records, books, securities and any other relevant document of the Club, excluding minutes of Committee meetings.
5. The Committee may refuse to permit a member to inspect records of the Club that relate to confidential, personal, employment, commercial or legal matters or where to do so may be prejudicial to the interests of the Club.
6. The Committee must on request make copies of these rules available to members and applicants for membership free of charge.
7. Subject to subrule (2), a member may make a copy of any of the other records of the Club referred to in this rule and the Club may charge a reasonable fee for provision of a copy of such a record.
8. For purposes of this rule—

relevant documents means the records and other documents, however compiled, recorded or stored, that relate to the incorporation and management of the Club and includes the following—

1. its membership records;
2. its financial statements;
3. its financial records;
4. records and documents relating to transactions, dealings, business or property of the Club.

Winding up and cancellation

1. The Club may be wound up voluntarily by special resolution.
2. In the event of the Club being disbanded, its net assets will not be distributed to members, but will be forwarded to the Bentleigh Juniors Football Club.
3. Subject to the Act and any court order made under section 133 of the Act, the surplus assets must be given to a body that has similar purposes to the Club and which is not carried on for the profit or gain of its individual members.
4. The body to which the surplus assets are to be given must be decided by special resolution.

Alteration of Rules

These Rules may only be altered by special resolution of a general meeting of the Club.

Note: An alteration of these Rules does not take effect unless or until it is approved by the Registrar. If these Rules (other than rule 1, 2 or 3) are altered, the Association is taken to have adopted its own rules, not the model rules.

Club Licence Rules

* 1. The Club holds a Limited Liquor Licence.
  2. The Club must preclude the payment of an amount to an officer or servant of the Club by way of commission or allowance from the receipts of the Club for the sale and disposal of liquor.
  3. A visitor to the Club must not be supplied with liquor in the Club premises unless in the sompany of a member of the Club.

Netball